## ISSUES OF EFFECTIVE USE OF BUSINESS ACTIVITY IN UZBEKISTAN

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**Аннотация:** Посвящено вопросам эффективного использования предпринимательской деятельности в Узбекистане. Проанализированы уровни развития субъектов малого предпринимательства.

**Ключевые слова:** предпринимательство, предприниматель, народное хозяйство, малый бизнес, субъекты малого предпринимательства.

**Annotation:** Dedicated to the issues of effective use of entrepreneurial activity in Uzbekistan. The levels of development of small businesses are analyzed.

**Key words:** entrepreneurship, entrepreneur, national economy, small business, small businesses.

Decree No. PF-5975 dated March 26, 2020 of the President of the Republic of Uzbekistan "On measures to fundamentally update the state policy on economic development and poverty reduction" and "On organizing the activities of the Ministry of Economic Development and Poverty Reduction of the Republic of Uzbekistan and its system organizations" in our country. The adopted new development strategy of Uzbekistan for 2022-2026 is to ensure rapid development of the national economy and high growth rates. By ensuring stable high growth rates in economic sectors, in the next five years, the gross domestic product per capita will increase by 1.6 times, and by 2030, the income per capita will increase from 4 thousand US dollars, and create a foundation for entering the ranks of "countries with higher than average income". Therefore, the development of business entities is considered one of the urgent issues today.

At the next stage of the development of theories about entrepreneurial activity, innovative activity is distinguished as the main feature of entrepreneurship. Yu. Shumreter is the founder of this flow, and according to him, the basis of economic growth lies in the entrepreneur's desire to use and apply a new combination of production factors, and the result of this desire is innovation, news.

English professor A. Hoskin explains that "a person who conducts work at his own expense, is personally involved in business management, has personal responsibility for providing necessary tools, and makes independent decisions" – is an individual entrepreneur.

So, there are many well-known Western economists' views on entrepreneurship, and they have been refined to date.

In Uzbekistan, a number of scientists have explained their views in this regard. For example, A. Olmasov, M. Sharifkhojayev believe that "Entrepreneurship is an activity aimed at profiting by entrepreneurship."

Economist O. A. Aripov defined that "entrepreneurship is a type of activity that creates a "social-energetic field" that ensures the economic and social development of society."

A group of scientists from Kazakhstan divides entrepreneurship into 4 elements: production, commercial, financial and management activities.

From this point of view, every head of state includes the development of small business and entrepreneurship as part of the priority policy of the state and takes measures to develop it.

In particular, our Resident Sh. Mirziyoyev – "Another important task of ours is to support and encourage small business and entrepreneurship, to strengthen the economic power of our country, peace and stability in our country, social harmony, and to create favorable conditions for further increasing the share of this sector." Consists of..." he stated.

In fact, it is necessary to create jobs in various sectors in order to satisfy the demand for employment of the population. Among such sectors, the most modern sectors of the national economy should be specially recognized. In particular, the development of fisheries, along with other branches of agriculture, is currently one of the main issues. In the republic, a number of legal acts on the rapid development of all sectors, the introduction of innovative methods of production of modern products, and the regulation of the sector have been adopted, and measures are being taken to ensure their quality and thorough implementation. At the same time, sufficient attention is being paid to ensuring growth in an intensive way, solving problems arising in the development of modern branches of industry in the regions, and accelerating the work being carried out to support production are among the urgent issues of the day.

Today, as in many countries, efforts are being made to develop small business and entrepreneurship in our country and to create ample opportunities for them. In the development of the national economy, it is possible to increase the effectiveness of the activities of entrepreneurs by providing them with wide opportunities in the direction of finding, owning and effectively using the economic resources necessary for the use of the activities of business entities.

Table 1

Number of small business entities-legal entities (excluding farms and ranches)

Areas	Registered		Active		Not showing activity		Optional included in the liquidatio n process*
	01.01. 2020	01.01. 2021	01.01. 2020	01.01. 2021	01.01. 2020	01.01 2021	In January- December 2020
Namangan region	22 034	27 314	21 461	26 531	573	462	321
Namangan C.	8 364	9 505	8 082	9 146	282	255	104
Mingbuloq	856	1 132	854	1 121	2	2	9
Kosonsoy	1 320	1 678	1 280	1 629	40	29	20
Namangan	1 643	1 979	1 616	1 941	27	23	15
Norin	907	1 232	902	1 224	5	3	5
Pop	1 145	1 649	1 128	1 615	17	7	27
To'raqo'rg'on	1 316	1 714	1 290	1 661	26	17	36
Uychi	1 378	1 819	1 352	1 777	26	19	23
Uchqo'rg'on	1 149	1 533	1 126	1 500	23	16	17
Chortoq	1 120	1 459	1 086	1 417	34	28	14
Chust	1 816	2 282	1 754	2 205	62	51	26
Yangiqo'rg'on	1 020	1 332	991	1 295	29	12	25

Source: (formed on the basis of the database of the State Services Agency under the Ministry of Justice)

It has been realized over the years that the effective use of the activities of business entities in the development of the national economy is at a high level. Table 1 below shows the number of small business entities-legal entities in economic sectors and sectors in Namangan region and its regions.

The information in the above table indicates the high importance of small business and entrepreneurship in various sectors and sectors of the regional economy. It is known that the number of entrepreneurs who are registered with the state is increasing day by day in our region.

The increase in the number of legal entities of small business entities in the region is a sign of the developing economy. Therefore, let's see entrepreneurs who have passed state registration in our region in 2019-2020. As of January 2020, 22,034 entrepreneurs were registered in the Namangan region, and as of January 2021, this figure was 27,314. As of January 2020, there were 573 registered entrepreneurs, but by January 2021, this figure was 462.

If we look at the statistical data, as of January 2020-2021, the number of entrepreneurs who do not carry out state-registered activities in Kosonsoy, Chortoq and Chust districts is considered to be among the districts with high indicators. Although these regions have great opportunities for economic development, there are relatively few small business and entrepreneurial activities.

Therefore, there are a number of opportunities for the development of business activities at a faster pace, and their implementation and the increase in their number will lead to an increase in the impact on the economy. Therefore, it is desirable to reduce the tax burden. As a result, the source of income for entrepreneurs increases and the number of people engaged in entrepreneurship increases.

In conclusion, it should be said that if the above-mentioned measures are implemented, great opportunities will be created for the effective use of the activities of business entities in the development of the economy of our country, and at the same time, promising sectors for our economy will develop and raise the development of our country to higher levels.

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