INVESTMENTS AND INVESTMENT ACTIVITY STATISTICS

Zaripov Azamat Djurayevich,

Gulistan State University, Department of Economics, teacher, independent researcher,

Avezov Avazbek, Ahmadjonova Shahnoza, Saydullayeva Viloyatxon Gulistan State University students

ABSTRACT

This article reveals the essence of the concept of investment and investment activities, investments in business assets and investments attracted to the working capital reserve, and analyzes the types of investment activities on the basis of international and national legal documents.

Keywords: investments, statistics, state, investments, investment activities, subjects of investment activities, capital investments, financial investments, real investments.

INTRODUCTION. In today's process of economic globalization, investment activity is an important element in the economy of every country. Therefore, this activity serves to expand and develop the level of industrial production in the country, as well as the stable and progressive growth of the economy. Therefore, each country that supports investment activities develops a road map that expresses its specific goals in this regard. In particular, various plans and programs have been developed in our country to attract investments to various fields, expand their flow, and stimulate investment activities.

The concept of investment activity is based on concepts such as investment and investor, and in order to have a complete idea of this, it is appropriate to talk about these concepts first. The term "investment" is derived from the Latin word "invest", which means "put". In general, investment refers to funds, securities, tangible and intangible assets, including rights to property, that are involved in business or other activities for the purpose of obtaining profit or achieving another beneficial goal.

The main part: The composition of investments is studied in several directions. Investments in economic assets are divided into two:

- financial investments invested in financial assets. They are implemented by economic organizations by providing loans to banks, securities and other enterprises' chartered funds, state and country bonds, and other organizations and enterprises;
- non-financial investments in the direction of MHT, tangible and intangible capital is added to the increase in the volume of tangible working capital, assets, tangible and intangible non-financial assets.

The next direction of the analysis of investment activities is the study of investments in fixed capital, and they are studied in the following directions:

- new construction;
- expansion of existing enterprises;
- technical rearmament and reconstruction of existing enterprises.

The term "new construction" refers to the constructions carried out for the purpose of building a new building or structures in the areas where the building was removed.

The expansion of existing enterprises means the construction of new workshops and facilities on the territory of existing enterprises or the construction of new or additional production facilities in areas close to them.

Reconstruction of existing enterprises is understood as improvement of production in shops and objects of enterprises in order to increase production capacity, improve product quality and nomenclature, and raise its technical and economic level to a higher level.

Investments involved in the reserve of material working capital characterize the change in their balance during this period. It is taken as the difference between the balance at the beginning and the end of the period.

Their composition includes engineering research, design, construction and assembly work, purchase and creation of machines and equipment, their installation, etc. in various proportions. expenses divide the following elements into the technological structure of investments:

- design and research expenses. These include the costs of engineering research and design work on the construction of the main fund object and complex;

- construction costs. These are the main part of the costs of capital investments. Construction includes raising, expanding, reconstructing and restoring buildings and structures included in the project. For example, excavation of trenches for the foundation, picking of building bricks, installation of metal and reinforced concrete structures, improvement of the territory of construction objects, etc.;

Although there is a specific definition of the concept of investment activity in our national legislation, in our opinion, the original content of this activity is complete, Article 5 of the Law of the Republic of Uzbekistan "On Investments and Investment Activity" refers to the intended object of investment. according to which the types of investments in the Republic of Uzbekistan are divided into capital, financial and social types according to the intended object. Capital investments include investments in the creation and reproduction of fixed assets, including new construction, modernization, reconstruction, technical re-equipment, as well as the development of other forms of material production. Investments in shares, corporate, infrastructural and government bonds, as well as other types of securities, are included in the list of financial investments. Social investments include investments in the development of human potential, skills and production experience, as well as in the development of other forms of intangible assets. Capital investments mainly refer to investments aimed at material production, creation and re-creation of fixed assets and development of other forms of material production. Financial investments are the most popular type of investment today, and this type of investment activity is mainly carried out in the stock market. In this case, financial investments mean placing the means of the investor in shares, bonds, promissory notes, bonds and other securities, in a word, in financial assets, in order to obtain income and increase the capital. Financial investments are of a speculative nature or aimed at long-term investment of capital. Among the investments listed above, social investments are of special importance. Therefore, social investments are directed to increase human knowledge, skills and talent, to train high-potential personnel, to develop new innovative production experiences, scientific research and design-construction work.

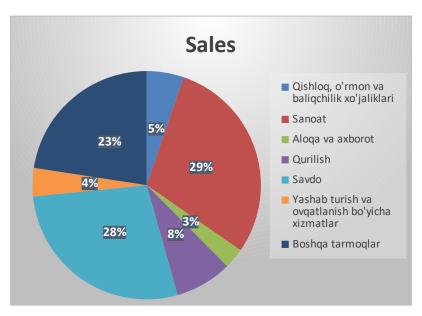


Figure 1. In 2021, the distribution of enterprises with foreign investments by sectors of the economy of Uzbekistan.

Although there is a specific definition of the concept of investment activity in our national legislation, in our opinion, the original meaning of this activity is directed to full growth, training of personnel with high potential, development of new innovative production experiences, scientific research and project construction work. In some literature, investment activity is divided into the following types according to the field in which it is carried out:

- -in the field of production (industry, agriculture, housing construction);
- -in the field of service (trade, mediation, service);
- -in the social sphere (science, healthcare, education, education);
- -in other areas (creating intellectual property, know-how).

CONCLUSION. In short, investment activity is the placement of capital in various fields of activity and their management by any individuals and legal entities, as well as investment subjects such as citizens and legal entities of foreign countries, in order to obtain income, increase existing capital or achieve other useful results. is a set of practical actions. From this point of view, it can be said that the meaning of the concept of investment activity includes the purpose, object and directions of investment, organizational and legal actions related to investment, and finally, the motive of obtaining a certain positive effect (profit). The classification of investment

activities allows investors to have a clear idea of the area of capital investment and to obtain more objective information about them when determining the purpose and object of capital investment.

References:

- 1. Azamat, Z., Javdod, O., Ravshan, A., Gulizahro, T., & Dilafruz, A. (2023). METHODOLOGY FOR IMPROVING AGRICULTURAL PRODUCTION IN UZBEKISTAN. Horizon: Journal of Humanity and Artificial Intelligence, 2(4), 277-279.
- 2. Azamat, Z., Elmurod, S., & Izatillo, Z. (2023). BUXORO VILOYATI SANOATI RIVOJLANISHINING O'ZIGA HOS XUSUSIYATLARI VA STATISTIK KO'RSATKICHLARI. Нововведения Современного Научного Развития в Эпоху Глобализации: Проблемы и Решения, 1(6), 151-153.
- 3. Sevara, S., Munavvar, J., & Azamat, Z. (2023). STATISTIK KUZATISH MA'LUMOTLARINI JAMLASH VA GURUHLASH. Нововведения Современного Научного Развития в Эпоху Глобализации: Проблемы и Решения, 1(6), 122-124.
- 4. Azamat, Z., Usmon, R., & Sulton, T. (2023). TURIZMNI RIVOJLANTIRISH STRATEGIYALARI BO'YICHA STATISTIK KO'RSATKICHLAR. Нововведения Современного Научного Развития в Эпоху Глобализации: Проблемы и Решения, 1(6), 157-159.
- 5. Muhammadjon, R., Farid, N., & Azamat, Z. (2023). STATISTIK KO 'RSATKICHLARNING MOHIYATI, TASNIFLARI VA TURLARI. Нововведения Современного Научного Развития в Эпоху Глобализации: Проблемы и Решения, 1(6), 125-127.