

# ***THE IMPORTANCE OF NATIONAL LAW IN ENSURING HUMAN RIGHTS IN SOCIETY***

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***Annotation:*** *the national law system draws up the guidelines necessary to summon people to a fair trial, to protect their lives, to ensure equality, to adhere to the principles of justice and democracy, and to ensure human freedom. This system helps people to ensure their rights and freedoms and creates the conditions necessary for the protection of their lives. The existence of such a system is very important so that there is no problem in the future against the rights and freedoms of people.*

***Keywords:*** *Constitution, Law, Freedom, duties, society, citizens.*

***Аннотация:*** *национальная правовая система устанавливает руководящие принципы, необходимые для призыва людей к справедливому суду, защиты их жизни, обеспечения равенства, соблюдения принципов справедливости и демократии и обеспечения свободы людей. Эта система помогает людям в обеспечении их прав и свобод и создает условия, необходимые для защиты их жизни. Наличие такой системы очень важно для того, чтобы в будущем не возникло проблем с правами и свободами людей.*

*Ключевые слова: Конституция, право, свобода, обязанности, общество, граждане.*

The norm of law is closely related to all elements of the legal system, and on the one hand, it is the product of the legal creativity, including the legislative process, on the other hand, it is carried out through the process of law enforcement, becoming a means of legal regulation of social relations, as well as the norm of law. The sum of the norms of law forms the normative basis of the legal system of society, that is, the core. New attitudes that make decisions in society give impetus to the creation of relevant norms of law aimed at regulating them. In turn, these norms of law legally strengthen, protect and develop new relationships. In the same sense, the norms of law make an important contribution to the development of society, serve.

The norm of law is a general mandatory rule of conduct established or approved by the state, expressed in a certain form, aimed at regulating social relations, all elements of the legal system exist in close connection with the norm of law. In other words, the norm of law forms the basis, the starting cell of the legal system. Therefore, in it, above all, the main features of the content of law are expressed. Norms of law as social norms are included in the norms of behavior in interpersonal relationships of people. It is a rule that includes a rule of obligations specific to permitting, limiting, prohibiting or positive law. The norm of law is the main, important part of law as a social phenomenon, the general concept of the entire legal system.

The national system of law in the provision of human rights and freedoms, consisting of laws, decisions, adopted international treaties and other legal acts, is a framework, a mechanism, the Republic of Uzbekistan, principles. it will be formed on the basis of the nature and history of the country or state. The national system of law serves to ensure the rights and freedoms of people, and laws and mechanisms are drawn up for their protection. This system helps to protect the lives of people, maintain their health, make changes, call for a fair trial and solve

other legal issues. The national system of law controls the legal states of people and draws up the guidelines necessary for their protection. This system helps to create all the conditions necessary to ensure human, to comply with the principles of justice and democracy, and to ensure human freedom.

The main tasks of the national system of law in ensuring human rights and freedoms are as follows:

1. Ensuring human rights and freedoms: the national system of law establishes laws and mechanisms to ensure human rights and freedoms.
2. Legal justice: the national law system helps to bring a fair subpoena and resolve other legal issues.
3. Protection of human life: the national law system draws up the guidelines necessary for the protection of human life.
4. Ensuring equality: the national system of law creates conditions for ensuring equality among people.
5. Adherence to the principles of justice and democracy: the National system of law helps to create all the conditions necessary to comply with the principles of justice and democracy.
6. Ensuring human freedom: the national system of law draws up the guidelines necessary to ensure human freedom.

This system uses all construction to ensure human rights and freedoms. Working on the principle of a legal state, the national system of law helps to protect the rights of people, ensure the system of Justice, adhere to the principles of democracy and ensure other human values. The justice system is important in protecting human rights and will be important in providing equitable accountability to criminally injured individuals, resolving relationships among individuals, and performing other actions.

Legal institutions are also important within the national system of law,

cooperating in protecting human rights, ensuring a justice system, adhering to the principles of democracy, and other human values. Society also works with cooperation in ensuring human rights and freedoms. Human beings will be instrumental in knowing their rights and freedoms, resisting the risks and injuries they face, operating on the principles of the legal state, and performing other actions.

All organizations work against each other in ensuring the rights and freedoms of people and cooperate in the organization of important parts of the national system of law. In ensuring human rights and freedoms, the national system of law, the principle of the legal state, the system of justice, legal institutions, cooperation between society and people should be important.

The principles of the national system of law in ensuring human rights and freedoms include:

1. Legal state: the National system of law works on the principle of a legal state in ensuring the rights and freedoms of people. The legal state helps to protect the rights of people, ensure the justice system, adhere to the principles of democracy and ensure other human values.

2. Justice system: the National system of law should be of fundamental importance to the justice system in protecting the rights and freedoms of human beings. The justice system will be instrumental in protecting human rights, providing equitable accountability to criminally injured individuals, resolving relationships among individuals, and performing other actions.

3. Legal institutions: the National system of law works with the cooperation of such important organizations as legal institutions in ensuring the rights and freedoms of people. Legal institutions will be instrumental in protecting human rights, ensuring a justice system, adhering to the principles of democracy, and other human values.

4. Society: the national system of law is also important in the cooperation of society in ensuring the rights and freedoms of people. Society includes its contribution to the protection of human rights, the provision of a justice system, adherence to the principles of democracy and other human values.

5. Human beings: the National system of law attaches importance to the contribution of human beings in ensuring the rights and freedoms of human beings. Human beings are important in knowing their rights and freedoms, resisting the risks and injuries they face, operating on the principles of the legal state, and performing other actions.

The national law system protects human rights and freedoms through laws and decisions. This system helps to protect the lives of people, to adhere to the principles of justice and democracy, to ensure their freedom and other human values. The national law system works with the cooperation of important organizations such as state bodies, the justice system and other legal institutions in ensuring human rights. This system is very important in ensuring the rights and freedoms of people and will also be of great importance in ensuring human values in the future.

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