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**CURRENT STATE OF SMALL BUSINESS AND PRIVATE  
ENTREPRENEURSHIP IN KASHKADARYA REGION**

**Abstract:** The article examines the current state of small business and private entrepreneurship activity in Kashkadarya region. The formation of self-employed property owners through the establishment of small business enterprises in Kashkadarya region has been highlighted, which has the ability to adapt to various macroeconomic conditions and requirements specific to the market economy.

**Key words:** Kashkadarya region, small business, private entrepreneurship, distribution laws.

Since the first years of independence, special attention has been paid to the development of small business and private entrepreneurship as one of the important areas that increase the economic potential of our country.

Complex measures implemented in our country to further improve the business environment enable rapid development of small business and private entrepreneurship and ensure stable economic growth rates. In 2000-2016, the share of small business and private entrepreneurship in the gross domestic product increased from 31.0 percent to 56.9 percent, an increase of 25.9 percentage points. Also, if we consider the share of small business in the gross domestic product in the developed countries of the world, this figure is 62% in France, 60% in Italy, 55% in Japan, 54% in Germany, 53% in Great Britain, 52% in the USA, 25.6% in Kazakhstan. , in Russia it was 20%.

If we look at the scale of Kashkadarya region, in recent years 2365 new small enterprises and micro-firms (excluding farmers and peasant farms) were

established, which means that it has a 19.4% increase compared to the same period of the previous year. The largest number of small enterprises and micro-firms is in the industrial sector. (21.1 %), in trade (20.9 %), in agriculture, forestry and fisheries (19.3 %), in construction (18.2 %), in living and eating (5.3 %), in transportation and in storage (3.6 %). By establishing small business enterprises in Kashkadarya region, independent business owners were formed. Small business enterprises are of priority due to their ability to adapt to various macroeconomic conditions and requirements specific to the market economy.

Small business in various sectors of the economy and development of private entrepreneurship national is one of the important macroeconomic factors of ensuring the stability of our economy. As a result of the development of small businesses in recent years, it can be explained by the fact that their share in the weight of the gross domestic product created in the region is increasing.

In 2021, the largest volume of production of industrial products by regions corresponds to the city of Karshi (1026.9 billion soums), if we look at the volume of production of industrial products in other districts, Kitab (259.6 billion soums) and Shahrisabz (212.7 billion soums) .souv) corresponds to the contribution of districts. In Dehkhanabad (47.8 billion soums) and Mirishkor districts (64.5 billion soums), the volume of production of these industrial products showed low results. The largest volume of services by region is attributed to the districts of Karshi city (1852.3 billion soums), Koson (364.4 billion soums) and Shahrisabz (302.9 billion soums).

The emergence and development of the KFST is conditioned by certain objective reasons that acquire both a general description and a special description that applies to different countries.

Considering small business as one of the important directions in ensuring social and economic development is due to the fact that it has a number of advantages. That is, small business enhances competition, which is the driving force of the market economy; is efficient in terms of scale; easily adapts to new

technology and requirements; ensures the uniqueness of the work organization procedure; is resistant to economic crises; It is a very effective way of increasing employment and generating income.

In the initial stages of model formation, economists tried to model the stages of business development using the life cycles of the enterprise. Because this model represents the development of the growth phases of the enterprise over time. However, the number of growth phases is interpreted differently by different researchers, and there is no accepted standard for the number of phases. In some research works, five general stages of enterprise development are mentioned: birth, growth, maturity, awakening and extinction stages. At the same time, some scholars, based on a different approach, also cite stages that are less or more than five

In conclusion, it should be noted that in the years of independence small business and private entrepreneurship in our country creation of economic and legal foundations of development in relation to small business and private entrepreneurship the socio-economic status of its subjects improved significantly. But despite the results of the work done, there are still problems in this area that are waiting to be solved.

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