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## GEOGRAPHICAL BASIS OF ECONOMIC AND SOCIAL DEVELOPMENT OF DENOVSKY DISTRICT

**ABSTRACT:** This article analyzes the geographical location of the Denovsky district in the northern part of the Surkhandarya region, the economic and socio-geographical position in the region. In addition, the production potential of the Denovsky district of the region and its role in the social sphere were analyzed.

**KEY WORDS:** production, specialization, geographical location, social spheres, clusters, specialization.

MAIN PART: Denov district of Surkhandarya region was established on September 2, 1926. Denov district is one of the districts located in the northern part of Surkhandarya region. Area: 0.819 thousand sq. km Border length: 155.8 km, from the south is Shorchi district (9.2 km), from the south is Oltinsoy district (41.1 km), from the north is Sariosiyo district (49.2 km), from the east is Uzun district (30.3 km), bordering Kumkurgan district (26.0 km) from the west. Denov District has 1 city, 12 towns, and 115 villages.

Nature. The northern, southern and central parts of Denov district consist of texel. It is surrounded by the Bobotog ridge in the east and Boysuntog ridge in the west. The earth's surface descends to the east. Surkhandarya, Topalondarya, Sangardak, Kyzilsuv rivers, Hazarbog, Oybarak, Chilmurob canals, Daytolak, Denov streams flow through Denov district.

Population of. Most of the population is Uzbek (83.3%), Tajik (15.3%), Russian (0.4%), Turkmen (0.1%), other nationalities (0.9%). There are 500 people per km2.

Economy. In terms of regions, the highest share of production of consumer goods in the total volume of the region is 22.4% for Termiz city, 15.5% for Denov district, 14.2% for Shorchi district, 14.2% for Zharqo. Rgan district was 8.0% and Termiz district was 6.1%.

The share of regions in the volume of total industrial products of Surkhandarya region, in %.

The largest share in the volume of industrial production of the region is the share of the city of Termiz (21.0% of the volume of industrial production of the region), Zharkorgan (18.5%), and Denov (15.7%) districts. is coming. The lowest

rate corresponds to Bandikhon (0.1%), Kyziriq (1.4%) and Boysun (1.8%) districts.

Industrial enterprises:

The largest industrial enterprises are 3;

There are 595 small industrial enterprises.

Large industrial enterprises are: "Denov vino-vodka" open joint-stock company, "Mez Denov oil-oil enterprise", "Denov Textile Cluster".

"Denov vino-vodka" became an open joint-stock company. The society operates in the following areas: production of wine, vodka, cognac products, use of vehicles and provision of paid services; Currently, the joint-stock company "Denov vino-vodka" has 1 vodka bottling shop, 1 wine bottling shop, and the following products are produced in these shops: 20 types of vodka products in the company, i.e. "Denov", "Pahlavon", "Shakhristan", "Surkhan Tongi", "Sangardak", "Luch", "Yuznaya", "Dakhodnaya", "Novaya marka", "Evroasia", "Evroasia-2" special vodka, "Russkaya", "Pshenichnaya", "Elegant" and 6 types of wine products, namely "Uzbekistan Port", "Kagor", "Eastern Jewel", "Rkatsetili", "Yuznaya barkhat", "To'maris" wine products are produced.

"DENOV TEXTILE CLUSTER" textile cluster is one of the leading enterprises producing cotton products in the CIS countries. Modern technologies have made it possible to produce cotton products in large quantities almost without waste. It grows cotton, produces yarn, refined oil, animal feed, milk, meat, and knitted products. "DENOV TEXTILE CLUSTER" textile cluster is one of the leading enterprises producing cotton products in the CIS countries. Modern technologies have made it possible to produce large quantities of cotton products without waste (Figure 1).

This cluster is a land area in several Oltinsoy, Uzun, and Sariosiyo districts. All products are produced on modern equipment imported from India, Switzerland and Turkey.









Figure 1. DENOV TEXTILE CLUSTER

"Mez Denov oil-oil enterprise" includes production of vegetable oil of the food industry, oil purification, hydrogenation, production of household soaps, laundry detergents, alifs and other products based on synthetic fatty acids.

**Social spheres.** Denov district is second only to Termiz city in terms of education, health care, sports, culture, tourism, services and other areas. There are a total of 7 higher education institutions in the Surkhandarya region, 5 of them in the city of Termiz, 1 in the district of Termiz and 1 in the district of Denov. This indicates that the need for education, i.e. higher education, is increasing in Denov district. It was established on April 17, 2020 at Denov Entrepreneurship and Pedagogical Institute, the only one in Denov district. The institute prepares bachelor's degrees in 24 educational areas, and master's degrees in 12 specialized areas. More than 7,500 students study at the institute and 203 teachers-professors teach them. In Denov district, there are 101 schools (76,842 students, 5,624 teachers), 360 kindergartens. There are 71 medical institutions, including 23 state medical institutions, 48 private medical institutions (3,377 general medical staff, 425 doctors, 2,102 local medical staff). There are 504 sports facilities and 2 sports schools. There are 6 cultural centers and 2 recreation parks. Tourist objects are the mausoleum of Sultan Sanjar Mozi, Said Ataliq madrasa, mausoleum of Khoja Alovuddin Attar.

**CONCLUSION:** Denov district has a favorable economic-geographical location, which we can see in the economy of historical-cultural monuments. Today, Denov's industrial production is taking place in various sectors at high levels with the regional center Termiz and the industrially developed district of Zharkorgan on all fronts. It is self-evident that Denov district is distinguished by its economic and natural geographical convenience, convenient transportation geography, and wealth of labor resources in the path of historical development.

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